

# Business Survey Results

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# Section I: Overview

- Business Survey Procedure includes the following steps
  - Initially 123 businesses and 28 local officials were indentified
  - Surveys were mailed all businesses, and follow-up calls were made to all survey recipients
  - Due to low response rates from the first stage, we initiated a second round of mailing and e-mailing surveys to the 80 businesses and officials
  - Final results are:
    - 30 surveys were returned
      - 21 Businesses
      - 9 Officials
      - All counties, except Moore, were represented in the survey.

# Section II: Findings: Survey-Based Clusters and Their Suppliers: where are they located?

- Ideally, the region may prefer those suppliers located in other states to relocate to the region.

Table.IV.11.Regional Clusters and Their Suppliers

Clusters	Supplier Industries	Region	MSA	Rest of Tennessee	Other States	Other Countries
Petroleum and Gas				Weak	Medium	
Chemical-Based	Chemicals +carbon, coal +metal+paint+machine	Weak	Weak	Medium	Medium	Strong
Metalworking and Fabricated Metal	Aluminum products+ bolt-steel+paint+brass	Weak	Strong	Medium	Medium	
Nondurable Industry Machinery	Steel manufacturing	Weak	Weak	Weak	Weak	
Machine Tools	Textile+ steel+paint+plastics+paperboard	Weak	Strong		Strong	
Motor Vehicle	Steel manufacturing+paint+plastics+fasteners	Medium	Medium		Medium	
Textile and Apparel	Textile +packaging+carpet	Strong			Strong	
Business Services	Pen and pencil+chemical	Medium	Weak		Medium	
Nonresidential Building Products	Chemicals	Strong	Strong	Weak	Strong	
Writing Instruments	Plastics +pen			Strong	Strong	
Food Processing	Poultry +Agricultural systems		Strong			
Paper, Publishing and Printing		Weak	Weak	Weak	Strong	
Plastics	Plastics and resin+raw plastics	Weak	Weak	Weak	Strong	
Wood Proccessing	Sawmill	Strong				
Wholesale	Aluminum products	Weak	Weak	Weak	Strong	

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# Section II: Findings: Survey-Based Clusters and Their Customers

- Large presence of customers in other states is a plus because region is exporting.

Table.IV.12. Survey-Based Clusters and Their Customers

Clusters	Customer Industries	Region	MSA	Rest of Tennessee	Other States	Other Countries
Petroleum and Gas	Municipalities+federal companies			Weak	Strong	
Chemical-Based	Mining+pharmaceutical companies+iron making+chemical+demolition+chemical manufacturing+alloy smelting+department of defense+oil field	Weak		Weak	Strong	Strong
Metalworking and Fabricated Metal	Plastics+appliance industries+engineering company+minerals+grill industries+waste treatment		Medium	Medium	Medium	
Nondurable Industry Machinery	Auto+building suppliers+mechanic fabrication	Weak	Weak	Weak	Medium	
Machine Tools	Miscellaneous manufacturing					
Motor Vehicle	Auto		Medium		Strong	
Textile and Apparel	Education+auto				Strong	
Business Services	Auto	Medium	Weak		Medium	
Nonresidential Building Products	Existing businesses	Strong			Strong	
Writing Instruments	Walmart+other retailers					
Food Processing	Walmart					
Paper, Publishing and Printing					Strong	
Plastics	Home manufacturers+building supplies				Strong	
Wood Prodcessing	Furniture stores+home centers+other locals	Strong		Weak	Medium	
Wholesale	Aliminum+auto	Medium		Weak	Weak	

# Section II: Findings: Survey-Based Clusters and Related Industries

- Regional clusters and related industries
  - Have same technology, labor pool and suppliers
  - Produce the same goods
  - But do not have networking opportunities

Table IV.13. Whether or not the related industries have the following features?

Common Features	Yes	No
Same Technology	73.91	26.09
Same Labor Pool	59.09	40.91
Have Common Suppliers	90.91	9.09
Produce the Same Goods	80.95	19.05
Networking Opportunities	44.00	56.00

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# Section II: Findings: The Most Common Problems

Table.IV.14. Most Common Problems Faced in the Region	Frequency	Percent
Quality and Quantity of Labor	8	16.33
Foreign Competition	6	12.24
Raw Material Price	5	10.20
General Economy--Oil and Steel Prices	4	8.16
Skilled Workforce	4	8.16
Compliance Costs Associated with Government Regulations	3	6.12
Low Profitability	3	6.12
Retaining Employees	2	4.08
Funding	1	2.04
Labor Cost	1	2.04
Land Availability/Bio Security	1	2.04
Loss of Manufacturing Jobs	1	2.04
Loss of Market	1	2.04
Price Pressure from all Customers in Automotive	1	2.04
Seasonal Volume	1	2.04
Clients	1	2.04
Declining Availability of Materials	1	2.04
Diminishing Technically Skilled Employee Base	1	2.04
Employee Soft Skill	1	2.04
Lack of 4-Lane Highway	1	2.04
Labor Force Lack Basic Math and Reading Skills	1	2.04
Technical Resources	1	2.04
<b>When all Labor Issues Combined</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>34.69</b>

- Labor issues top the list
- All labor related issues constitute nearly 35 percent of the all listed concerns
- Next in the list is foreign competition and general economic conditions

# Section II: Findings: What are the Critical Business Support Institutions?

Table.IV.15. What are the critical support institutions for your business?

Institutions	Frequency	Percent
Community Colleges and Technology Centers	9	24.32
Economic Development Boards	5	13.51
Area Universities	4	10.81
Government (State/Federal)	4	10.81
Financial Institutions	3	8.11
Architectural and Engineering Firms	2	5.41
Skill Trade Institutions	2	5.41
Utilities	2	5.41
Recycling Centers	1	2.70
Steel Suppliers	1	2.70
R&D Labs other than Federal	1	2.70
Rail Road Lines	1	2.70
Technical Contractors	1	2.70
Tennessee Egg Poultry Association	1	2.70
<b>Are Existing Support Institutions Able to Meet Your Business Needs?</b>		
	Yes (%)	68.18
	No (%)	31.82

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- Community Colleges and Technology Centers are at the top of the list
- Next comes economic development boards and area universities
- 68 percent of the respondents contends with the services they receive from these support institutions

## Section II: Findings: Desired Institutions

- Businesses desired to see “other training institutions” in the region
- This suggests that community colleges and technology centers are unable to address all training needs of the area businesses

Table.IV.16. What Kinds of Institutions You Would Like to See in the Region?

Institutions	Frequency	Percent
Other Training Institutions	8	30.77
Higher education	6	23.08
Economic Development Agency	6	23.08
Other (engineering, trade association, consulting)	3	11.54
R&D Labs Other than Federal	2	7.69
Financial Institutions	1	3.85

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# Section II:

## Findings:

### SWOT

- SWOT for businesses:
  - Location is a major strengths
  - Labor Pool with necessary soft and basic skills is a major weaknesses
  - While fuel and transportation costs emerge as major global threats, economy/ export opportunities present themselves as a major global opportunity

Table.IV.17. Regional Strengths and Weaknesses and Global Opportunities and Threats for Businesses

Regional Strengths	Percent	Regional Weaknesses	Percent
Geographic Location/Logistics	19.44	Labor Pool (Basic Skill/Soft Skill)	20.00
Motivated and Stable Workforce	8.33	Lack of Skilled Workforce	14.29
Technology/Automation	8.33	Economy/Energy-Material Cost	11.43
Available and Strong Labor	5.56	Highway Access/Location	5.71
High Level of Personification	5.56	Loss of Demand	5.71
Knowledge of Product	5.56	Rising Health Care/ WC	5.71
Low Labor Cost	5.56	High Cost of Government Compliance	5.71
Support Networks	5.56	Out of Touch Business Officials	2.86
Highest Quality Environment	5.56	Committed Employees	2.86
Quality/Timely Delivery	5.56	Education K-12	2.86
Local Economy	2.78	Lack of Projects	2.86
Established Reputation	2.78	Lack of Testing Labs	2.86
Management	2.78	Limited Freight Services	2.86
Teamwork Philosophy	2.78	Loss of Jobs	2.86
Clean Manufacturing Products	2.78	Bio Security	2.86
Customer Support	2.78	Cost Control	2.86
Good Working Relations	2.78	Lack of Funding	2.86
Low Taxes	2.78	Lack of Steel Supply	2.86
Small Town Life Style	2.78		
Global Threats	Percent	Global Opportunities	Percent
Increased Fuel/Transportation Cost	22.22	Economy/Export Opportunities	11.76
Cheap Labor in Other Countries/China	14.81	Location/Local Transportation	11.76
Overseas Competition	14.81	New/Increased Customer Bases	11.76
Economy/Weak Dollar	11.11	Technology/Lincense	11.76
Loss of Jobs to Overseas	11.11	New Unique Products	11.76
Branch Operations	3.70	Emerging Markets in China	5.88
New Regulations	3.70	Joint Ventures	5.88
Offshore Production	3.70	Mixed Model Production	5.88
Steel Supply	3.70	New Auto Assembly Plants	5.88
Urban Development	3.70	R&D in the U.S.	5.88
Less Environmental Compliance Cost	3.70	Alternative Energy	5.88
Supplier Base	3.70	Regional Cooperation	5.88

## Section II: Findings: SWOT for Suppliers and Customers

- Major strengths for suppliers and customers are
  - access to highway and consistent demand, respectively
- Major weaknesses are
  - fewer domestic resources and regulations/compliance cost, respectively.
- Low cost labor in overseas emerge as a major threats while innovation and globalization create opportunities.

# Section II: Findings: SWOT for Suppliers and Customers

- SWOT : major strengths for suppliers and customers are access to highway and consistent demand, respectively. Major weaknesses are fewer domestic resources and regulations/compliance cost, respectively. Low cost labor in overseas emerge as a major threats while innovation and globalization create opportunities.

Table.IV.18: Regional Strengths and Weaknesses and Global Opportunities and Threats for Supplier and Customer Industries

Regional Strengths for Supplier and Customer Industries		Regional Weaknesses for Supplier and Customer Industries	
For Suppliers	For Customers	For Suppliers	For Customers
Access to Highway/Delivery Time	Consisten Demand	Fewer Domestic Resources	Regulations/Compliance Cost
Enlarged Training Programs	More Aluminum Use	Lack of Funding/Projects	Location/Logistics
Excellent Road Network	Local Suppliers	Overseas Competition/Production	Lack of Steel Supply
Labor Cost	Location/Infrastructure	Rising Raw Material Costs	Lack of Projects
Proximity	Low Labor Cost	Uneven Demand	Outdated Equipment
Support Netwroks	Product Delivery/Response Time	Regulations/Compliance Cost	Prices
Technology Use/Automation	Retirees with Money	Lack of Steel Supply	Transportation Cost for All
Quality of Products	Stable Environment	Location/Logistics	Substandard Work Ethic
Working Relationships	Technology Use/Automation	Material/Labor	Entitlement Mentality among Many
Global Threats for Supplier and Customer Industries		Global Opportunities for Supplier and Customer Industries	
For Suppliers	For Customers	For Suppliers	For Customers
Low Cost Labor	Alternative Technology	Innovation	Globalization/Rationalization
Steel Supply	Steel Supply	Outsourcing Work	Improved Logistics
Oil Prices	Low Labor Cost	R&D in the U.S.	Increasing Exports
Less Environmental Compliance Cost	Cheap Overseas Products	Local Transport	Labor Base
Supplier Base	Loss of Foreign Production	More Automative Choosing	Partnering
	Less Environmental Compliance Cost		Off-shore Purchase
	Oil Prices		Selection of Product
			Develop Nich Markets
			R&D Professional Development

# Section II: Findings: Is the Region Able to Meet Business Needs? Factor Performance Gap

Table IV.19. Factors Important for Your Business Success in the Region  
 GAP (Region's Performance - Business Needs) Gap Level

Workforce quality	-74.5	Critical Gap Between Business Needs and Region's Performance
Cost of transportation	-58.2	
Higher education and other training institutions	-39.3	
Broadband access	-32.2	
Utility costs	-31.6	
Labor costs	-26.7	
Availability of capital	-24.9	
Property taxes	-24.9	
K-12 school system	-24.3	
Proximity to suppliers	-21.2	Moderate Gap Between Business Needs and Region's Performance
Transportation availability	-21.1	
Healthcare	-17.4	
Proximity to customers	-14.5	
Support for economic development	-11.2	
Local government officials	-8.5	
Basic infrastructure (water, sewer, solid waste, fire, police)	-6.4	
Professional and business services	-5.6	
Business financing	-4.5	
Proximity to distribution facilities	-3.6	Region Outperforms Business Expectations
Child care	4	
Construction services	15.5	
Housing affordability	18.1	
Environmental concerns	28.5	
Land availability	31.4	

MTSU Survey (sum of excellent + good - sum of very important + moderately important)

- The greatest gaps are in the areas of workforce quality, cost of transportation, higher education and training facilities, broadband access and utility costs

# Section II: Findings: Factors Important for Businesses

Column A. How important are these factors for your business? (%)

Column B. What is the region's performance level for each factor?

BS9. Factors Important for Your Business Success in the Region	Column A. How important are these factors for your business? (%)					Column B. What is the region's performance level for each factor?				
	Very significant	Moderately significant	Slightly significant	Not significant	Not applicable	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Not applicable
Land availability	33.3	16.7	6.7	30.0	13.3	44.4	37.0	7.4	0.0	11.1
Proximity to suppliers	40.0	36.7	10.0	10.0	3.3	29.6	25.9	37.0	3.7	3.7
Proximity to customers	43.3	26.7	20.0	6.7	3.3	22.2	33.3	33.3	7.4	3.7
Proximity to distribution facilities	17.2	34.5	10.3	24.1	13.8	18.5	29.6	29.6	0.0	22.2
Transportation availability	53.3	23.3	13.3	3.3	6.7	22.2	33.3	33.3	3.7	7.4
Cost of transportation	83.3	13.3	0.0	3.3	0.0	11.5	26.9	50.0	7.7	3.8
Labor costs	73.3	20.0	3.3	3.3	0.0	18.5	48.1	18.5	7.4	7.4
Workforce quality	76.7	20.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.2	51.9	22.2	3.7
Availability of capital	30.0	46.7	20.0	3.3	0.0	7.4	44.4	33.3	7.4	7.4
Utility costs	48.3	44.8	3.4	3.4	0.0	26.9	34.6	30.8	7.7	0.0
Property taxes	26.7	50.0	16.7	6.7	0.0	18.5	33.3	48.1	0.0	0.0
Housing affordability	6.9	37.9	44.8	10.3	0.0	25.9	37.0	29.6	0.0	7.4
Environmental concerns	30.0	26.7	26.7	13.3	3.3	22.2	63.0	14.8	0.0	0.0
Support for economic development	30.0	36.7	23.3	6.7	3.3	29.6	25.9	29.6	11.1	3.7
Local government officials	23.3	33.3	30.0	10.0	3.3	29.6	18.5	40.7	3.7	7.4
Basic infrastructure (water, sewer, solid waste, fire, police)	46.7	30.0	23.3	0.0	0.0	29.6	40.7	25.9	3.7	0.0
Broadband access	33.3	43.3	10.0	6.7	6.7	14.8	29.6	29.6	11.1	11.1
K-12 school system	55.2	17.2	27.6	0.0	0.0	18.5	29.6	29.6	18.5	3.7
Higher education and other training institutions	40.0	40.0	13.3	6.7	0.0	7.4	33.3	40.7	18.5	0.0
Construction services	13.3	26.7	40.0	20.0	0.0	14.8	40.7	37.0	0.0	7.4
Child care	10.0	26.7	46.7	10.0	6.7	11.1	29.6	37.0	11.1	11.1
Healthcare	27.6	55.2	10.3	3.4	3.4	7.7	57.7	23.1	7.7	3.8
Business financing	23.3	36.7	23.3	10.0	6.7	11.1	44.4	22.2	3.7	18.5
Professional and business services	10.0	40.0	46.7	3.3	0.0	3.7	40.7	51.9	3.7	0.0

MTSU Business and Economic Research Center: Factor Condition Survey

# Section II: Findings: Business Attitudes Survey

- The critical areas of concerns are
  - access to skilled labor,
  - regional networking opportunities,
  - and lack of regional suppliers

Table IV.21. Business Attitude Survey: Knowledge, Labor, Networking, Suppliers and Customers

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
<b>Knowledge Dimension</b>						
Q1KD	Our business is sensitive to innovation in production technologies	34.5	17.2	34.5	10.3	3.4
Q2KD	Our employees are continuously trained to update their knowledge about our business	10.7	35.7	32.1	21.4	0.0
Q3KD	Our business adapts fast to changing business environment	10.7	50.0	25.0	10.7	3.6
<b>Labor Dimension</b>						
Q4LD	We have access to skilled labor force in the region	6.7	16.7	30.0	33.3	13.3
Q5LD	Our business is skill intensive	21.4	32.1	28.6	17.9	0.0
Q6LD	There is a competition for skilled labor force among employers	30.0	36.7	23.3	10.0	0.0
Q7LD	Labor is plentiful in the region but not the skilled one	27.6	24.1	24.1	13.8	10.3
<b>Networking</b>						
Q8N	Networking opportunities among similar firms are available in the region	13.8	31.0	13.8	31.0	10.3
Q9N	The region has institutions to facilitate networking among businesses	7.1	25.0	50.0	14.3	3.6
<b>Supplier relationships</b>						
Q10S	Our suppliers are from the region	0.0	21.4	53.6	3.6	21.4
Q11S	We work closely with our suppliers	40.7	40.7	7.4	7.4	3.7
Q12S	Our suppliers are facing competitive pressure	51.9	33.3	7.4	3.7	3.7
<b>Demand relationships</b>						
Q13D	Our customers are other businesses and institutions	50.0	28.6	10.7	7.1	3.6
Q14D	Our customers are within the region	17.9	21.4	21.4	21.4	17.9
Q15D	Our customer base is shifting their purchasing pattern	14.8	37.0	22.2	25.9	0.0

# Section II: Findings: Business Attitudes Survey

- There appears to be an entrepreneurship culture, but technology and workforce adaptation of technology look problematic. Furthermore, businesses seem to be indifferent to the idea of both industry-wide and firm-level support to increase competitiveness

Table IV.22. Business Attitude Survey: Enrepreneurships, Technology, Regional Focus and Firm Strategy

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
<b>Enrepreneurships</b>						
Q16E	We closely follow market demand for our products	53.6	32.1	7.1	7.1	0.0
Q17E	We respond quickly to the change in customer taste	28.6	57.1	7.1	3.6	3.6
Q18E	We design and test new products as a product improvement strategy	38.5	19.2	23.1	15.4	3.8
<b>Technology</b>						
Q19T	Our business uses the cutting-edge technology	14.3	14.3	53.6	10.7	7.1
Q20T	Our business is technology intensive	14.3	25.0	28.6	14.3	17.9
Q21T	Broadband access is available in the region	27.6	27.6	27.6	3.4	13.8
Q22T	Our business is on par with the industry standard in adopting new technology	14.3	53.6	17.9	14.3	0.0
Q23T	The region has skilled workforce to adapt new technologies	10.3	6.9	31.0	34.5	17.2
<b>Regional focus</b>						
Q24RF	We have several firms in the region which share the labor force with similar skills	24.1	13.8	37.9	17.2	6.9
Q25RF	We have several firms in the region which share the same customer base	10.3	13.8	37.9	24.1	13.8
Q26RF	We have several firms in the region which use similar production technologies	17.2	24.1	24.1	20.7	13.8
Q27RF	We have several firms in the region which have the same suppliers	10.3	34.5	24.1	17.2	13.8
Q28RF	The region is in need of industrywide support for competitiveness	16.7	23.3	56.7	3.3	0.0
Q29RF	The region is in need of firm-level support for competitiveness	3.4	31.0	55.2	10.3	0.0
<b>Firm strategy</b>						
Q30FS	Our business values regional competition and cooperation	6.7	43.3	36.7	10.0	3.3
Q31FS	We put aside research and development money to invest in new products	19.2	26.9	30.8	11.5	11.5
Q32FS	We continuously reevaluate our management style	25.0	21.4	32.1	14.3	7.1

# Section II: Findings: Business Attitudes Survey

- Businesses do not see government support as a preferred attitude, however, they would like to see incentives from government to improve business environment
- Global competition has been seen as creating problem for their businesses
- Regional financial and physical infrastructure need to be addressed

Table IV.23. Business Attitude Survey: Government, Globalization, Business Culture, Educational Institutions, Money and Utility/Infrastructure

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
<b>Government</b>						
Q33G	Our business needs government support to remain competitive	14.3	14.3	14.3	25.0	32.1
Q34G	We need state and local incentives to improve our business environment	24.1	24.1	17.2	20.7	13.8
<b>Globalization</b>						
Q35GZ	Our business benefits from increasing international competition	3.4	6.9	20.7	37.9	31.0
<b>Business culture</b>						
Q36BC	The region has a business friendly environment	20.0	26.7	33.3	20.0	0.0
Q37BC	The people in the region have positive attitude toward businesses/ business formation	13.3	46.7	20.0	16.7	3.3
<b>Educational institutions</b>						
Q38BC	The region has a quality K-12 educational infrastructure	13.8	24.1	41.4	17.2	3.4
Q39BC	The region has quality post-secondary (universities, community colleges and other training institutes) educational institutions	13.8	41.4	31.0	10.3	3.4
Q40BC	Our business benefits from close interactions with local post-secondary educational institutions	20.7	24.1	24.1	24.1	6.9
<b>Money</b>						
Q41M	Our business has easy access to funding sources in the region	6.9	44.8	27.6	20.7	0.0
Q42M	Our business has easy access to funding sources outside the region	10.3	34.5	24.1	27.6	3.4
Q43M	Region has a plenty of funding sources for businesses	6.9	13.8	58.6	10.3	10.3
<b>Utility/infrastructure</b>						
Q44U	Our region is endowed with a quality infrastructure (transportation, utility, etc.)	6.9	37.9	37.9	13.8	3.4

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## Section II: Findings: Industry identification

- Many of the businesses identify themselves as part of either exiting or declining industry clusters

Table IV.24. How would you identify your industry?

Clusters	Existing	Declining	Emerging	Potential
Petroleum and Gas	Yes			
Chemical-Based	Yes	Yes		
Metalworking and Fabricated Metal		Yes	Yes	
Nondurable Industry Machinery	Yes			
Machine Tools		Yes		
Motor Vehicle	Yes			
Textile and Apparel	Yes			Yes
Business Services	Yes			
Nonresidential Building Products		Yes		
Writing Instruments	Yes			
Food Processing	Yes			
Paper, Publishing and Printing	Yes			
Plastics		Yes		
Wood Prodcessing		Yes		
Wholesale	Yes			

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## Section II: Findings: Cluster Connection

- Significant number of industries identify themselves as part of the clusters located in the rest of Tennessee and Outside State

Table IV.25. Do You Characterize Yourself as Part of a Cluster Located in

Clusters	Region	Nashville MSA	Rest of TN	Outside State	N/A
Petroleum and Gas		yes			
Chemical-Based			yes	yes	yes
Metalworking and Fabricated Metal		yes	yes	yes	
Nondurable Industry Machinery			yes		
Machine Tools					yes
Motor Vehicle				yes	
Textile and Apparel				yes	
Business Services	yes				
Nonresidential Building Products					
Writing Instruments					
Food Processing					
Paper, Publishing and Printing					
Plastics					
Wood Prodcessing	yes				
Wholesale					

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## Section II: Findings: Cluster Linkage

- 28 percent as part of a value-chain
- 60 percent as part of a cluster sharing the same labor pool
- 12 percent as part of an innovation cluster

Table IV.26. Which of the following best describes your business's linkages to other similar industries in the region?

Linkages	Percent (%)
1. Member of a value-chain cluster (same extended product chain)	28
2. Member of a cluster that shares the same labor pool	60
3. Member of an innovation cluster	12

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## Section II: Findings: Industry-Firm Technology Gap

- 23 percent indicates the existing of technology gap, while 77 percent indicate no technology gap

Table IV.27. Is there a gap between your firm's use of technology and your industry's standards? (%)

Yes	23.1
No	76.9

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## Section II: Findings: Strategic Interactions

- Responsiveness of higher education to business needs tops the list, while skilled labor pool ranks in second
- R&D labs and technology centers rank in third

Table IV.28. What are the strategic business interactions you would like to see in the region? (ranked in the order of importance)

Highly Responsive Higher Education to the Business Needs

Skilled Labor Pool

R&D Labs and Technology Centers

Technical Training Facility That Supplies Skilled Labor Force

Experience Sharing

FMLA Reform

More Qualified Vendors

More Regional Planning on Economic Recruiting and Education

Productivity Improvement

Rural Development Strategy by TDECD

Approved Courses for Multiple State Licensing Boards

Health Care

K-12 Education Stimulation

More Cooperation among Contiguous Counties

Stronger Relations with Local Governments/Political Leaders

Support for Tennessee Diploma Project & P-16 Councils

Workers Compensation Reform

Developing Technical Resources for the Future

National Program to Rebuild Failing Infrastructure

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## Section II: Findings: Factors Impeding Healthy Business Environment

- Lack of quality workforce
- Lack of 4-lane highway access and funding
- K-12 education

Table IV.29. What is the single most important regional factor that impedes a healthy business environment? (ranked in the order of importance)

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Lack of Available Quality (Skilled) Workforce
Lack of 4-Lane Highway Access/ Federal and State Highway Funding
K-12 Education
Lack of Access to Suppliers and Customers
Cost
Lack of Solid Waste Treatment Facilities
FMLA/ Workers Compensation
Government Understanding of Business Competition
Labor Unions
Lack of Quality Production
Land
Supply Chain
Training of Skilled Workforce

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## Section II: Findings: Factors Promoting Healthy Business Environment

- Availability of quality workforce
- 4-lane highway access and funding
- Motivated workforce with good work ethic

Table IV.30. What is the single most important regional asset that promotes a healthy business climate? (ranked in the order of importance)

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High Availability of Quality Workforce
4-Lane Highway/Federal-State Highway Fund
Motivated Workforce with Work Ethic
Business Opportunities
Centralized Customer Base
Cooperation in Workforce Development
Government Attitude toward Business
Local Government
Location/Labor Rates
More Doctors

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MTSU Survey

## Section II: Findings: How does Government Affect Your Business?

- On the positive side, it has a role that facilitates business interactions and provides help for human capital investment
- On the negative side, regulations may drastically reduce productivity and profit margins
- Many businesses highlighted the negative aspects

Table IV.31. How do government regulations, procedures, and incentives affect your business?

Positive	Negative
Government Funds Drive Quantity of Work	Air Regulations Affect Profitability of Small Businesses
Have a Major Effect on Businesses (positive)	Add Costs
Helps Bring Industry to Industry Parties Together	Workers Compensation and FMLA
Positive	Makes the Process of Constructing New Facilities Cumbersome
Training/Education	Limit the Business Growths
	Negative
	Sarbanes Oxly Legislation has Created Nonsensical Busy Work
	Slow Implementation of Start-up Projects
	Taxing
	Controlling What We Do

## Section II: Findings: Important Supporting Institutions that They would Like to See in the Region

- Many indicated that they would like to see a 4-year college in their communities
- Technical training and technology centers as well as testing labs were also highlighted

Table. IV.32. What are the most important regional institutions you desire to have present that are currently absent? (ranked in the order of importance)

Technical Training and Technology Centers
4-Year College/MTSU Campus
Testing Labs/R&D Labs/Educational
Trade/Vocational Schools
Local 2-Year College Training

MTSU Survey

## Section II: Findings: Business Attitudes that They would Like to See in the Region

- A recognition and understanding of business dynamics in rural regions
- Emphasis on rural economic development
- Willingness to embrace change

Table IV.33. What is the most important business attitude you would desire to see? (in no particular order)

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Better Communication

Customer Service

Government's Recognition of the Impact of Spiriling Fuel and Steel Cost on Businesses  
Growth

Involvement and Support of Education

Less Emphasis on Labor Unions

Less Litigation

Local and State Governments Working Together for Business Development

More Assistance to Existing Businesses that have been in Tennessee for a Long Time

More Attention to Rural Economic Development by State and Federal Government

Positive Acceptance of Business Challenges

Regionwide Infrastructure Plans

Understanding Competition

Willingness to Embrace Change

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## Section III: Findings: Advantages and Disadvantages

- Good labor supply and skill, good quality of life, labor pool, location were cited advantages of doing business in the county
- Regulatory environment, workers comp, lack of 4-lane highway, and government assistance programs for existing businesses were cited as disadvantages

Table IV.34. What are the major advantages or disadvantages when it comes to doing business in this region?

Advantages	Disadvantages
Good Labor Supply and Skill	Regulatory Bureaucracy
Good Quality of Life for Residents/Employees	Lack of 4-Lane Highway
Labor Pool	Must Improve Workers Comp
Local Assistance	Need a Regional Center for Industrial Training/Development
Low Cost of Property	Current Administration Needs to Recognize the Impact of TDOT Projects on Businesses
Location	Urban Sprawl
Increasing Technically Trained Workforce	High Medical Cost
Economic Development	Industrial Parks in Counties are Away from Highway
Transportation	Establish Enterprize Zones with Federal and State Tax Breaks
Favorable Regulatory Environment	FMLA
Fiber Optics Availability in Certain Counties	Multiple Level of Taxing Authorities
	Lack of Retails
	Government Assistance Programs for Existing Businesses
	Labor Pool

Thank You!

Questions?